

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa





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ACRONYMS

CPDI Centre for Peace and Development Initiatives

CSOs Civil Society Organizations

CGPA Centre for Governance and Public Accountability

DHL Da Hawwa Lur

GIZ Gesselschaft Fur Internationale Zusammenerbelt

NFIC National Forum of Information Commissioners

NGO Non-Government Organization

NMDs Newly Merged Districts

KP Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

KPIC Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission

KK Khwendo Kor

PIO Public Information Officer

PATA Provincially Administrated Tribal Areas

PB Public Body

SDG Sustainable Development Goals

TI Transparency International

UN United Nations



1. FOREWORD

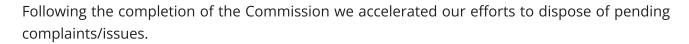
It is with great satisfaction that I present the Annual Report of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission for the fiscal year 2024-25, which is a mandatory requirement under section 25(g) of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act 2013.

Like previous years the Commission continued its efforts to promote transparency, good governance, accountability and empowering citizens.

It was a year of exchange and interaction, involving intensive participatory processes to strategize for the years ahead.

The Commission was finally completed after a lapse of 05 years when Mr. Arshad Ahmed and Mr. Muhammad

Irshad were appointed as Commissioner Legal and Social respectively on 6th December 2024.



The Commission received 1,129 appeals during this period and settled 735.

I would like to express my gratitude to Honorable Chief Minister Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Chief Secretary Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and all Public Bodies for their continued support and cooperation.

I am also grateful to our partners and civil society institutions for supporting our mission.

Farah Hamid Khan, Chief Information Commissioner Khyber Pakhtunkhwa



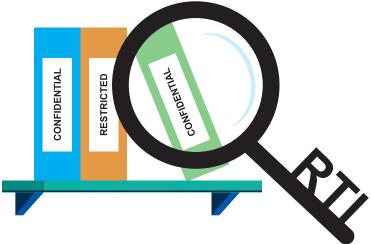


2. INTRODUCTION

Part-II of our Constitution deals with fundamental rights of citizens and principles of policy of the state. Fundamental rights are confined in articles 8 to 40. There are different organs of the state, each being responsible for grant of its respective right to citizens. The fundamental rights mentioned in article 19-A of the constitution relating to access of information, is however protected by the RTI laws, of the provinces and the federal government. The RTI Commissions established in the country has thus become the implementing authorities of RTI laws in this regard.

Similarly, the RTI laws can be invoked by the citizens to ascertain whether or not each organ of the state is acting in accordance with the spirit of the Principles of Policy.

Access to information of public importance has also been acknowledged as a fundamental right under the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948. As of today, there are around 130 countries in the world which have enacted RTI laws. In Pakistan, the RTI culture was introduced through promulgation of the Freedom of Information ordinance, in 2002 by the president. It is however the distinction of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, which for the first time enacted the KP RTI Act, through the Provincial Assembly and the other provinces and the federal government followed it. RTI law has rightly been regarded as "Sun Shine law" as it facilitates citizen to participate in public affairs and hold the public bodies accountable in the discharge of their official functions. Here we must admit that making roads in the steel framework of our bureaucracy is not an easy task. The system of governance that we presently



have in the country is a colonial legacy where secrecy was of paramount importance. In developed countries, where people are more educated and vigilant, RTI Laws have been a success story. In countries like Pakistan where socio economic indicators are dismal and bulk of their population reside in the rural areas making the RTI concept successful would require time, perseverance and commitment of the Government.



2024-25 AT A GLANCE

This report accounts for the key activities of the KPIC for the period ending 2024-25. The Commission is responsible for the effective functioning of the supply side of the RTI architecture. The Commission trains Public Information Officers (PIOs) of public institutions to facilitate access to information requests and provides back-end support to



the officers on their daily activities. The report highlights key activities, achievements of the Commission and challenges encountered in efforts to enhance transparency and public access to information. These activities include: nomination of PIOs, conducting summons, sensitization of public institutions and stakeholders engagements and training of PIOs on the RTI Law.

2024-25 has been an engaging year for the KPIC for promoting good governance, accountability in KP. The Commission continued its efforts to promote transparency initiatives, capacity building of PIOs especially in indexation of record and pro-active disclosure of information. KPIC in collaboration with stakeholders and partners



organized a range of physical and online activities (**Online complaint management system**) awareness and training workshops, to engage citizens, including women and young people in transparency efforts. KPIC in collaboration with Transparency International (TI) Pakistan continued the advocacy for the disclosure of information. In order to ensure the Proactive Disclosure. The Commission in collaboration with TI Pakistan also released two studies on the implementation of relevant clauses of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act 2013 and Punjab Transparency and Right to Information Act 2013, submitting recommendations to the





government on the gaps in the implementation of the proactive disclosure clauses.

2024-25 was the year of big transitions for the Commission as new Commissioners were appointed by the KP Government in December 2024. The Commission began to work more effectively with the approach for DYNMIC ACCOUNTABLITY. Long standing pending complaints were disposed of and our reach on social, electronic and print media grew significantly!

The KPIC in collaboration with GIZ and SRSP also worked to promote women's rights and gender equality in KP by organizing seminars and workshops / Khawateen Khuli Kacheris for Women Empowerment in the state affairs. Besides this, establishment of Women Facilitation Desks in collaboration with GIZ at Kohat, Swat, Mohmand & Khyber have contributed significantly to promote transparency, accountability, and



highlighting the importance of climate change in the province. The organization's continued engagement with citizens and government entities alike reflects its commitment to ensuring a fair and just society for all Pakistanis.





I. The Commission.

The CIC, Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, (PAS-BS 22) joined the Commission in the year 2022 while Arshad Ahmed and Muhammad Irshad were appointed in the year 2024 for period of three years or till 65 years whichever is earlier. The Commission held several meetings during the year under report. The composition of the Commission by the end of the fiscal year 2024-25 is as under: -

- Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, Chief Information Commissioner
- Arshad Ahmed, Commissioner I (Judicial)
- Muhammad Irshad, Commissioner II (Social)

The appointment and promotion of the officers and staff of the Commission are regulated under the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission (Terms & Conditions of Service) Rules, 2020 framed under Section 32 of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act 2013. Total sanctioned strength of employees of the Commission is 65 whereas the existing strength during the year under report is 40 while 25 posts remained vacant for various reasons. Recruitment process for filling of the vacant posts has been initiated and the vacant posts will be filled soon.

II. Functions of the Commission

As per Section 25 of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act 2013, the Commission shall perform the following functions:-

(a) The Information Commission shall have a primary responsibility to receive and decide on complaints.



- (b) Set rules and minimum standards regarding the manner in which public bodies are required to manage their records, in accordance with section 4 of the KP RTI Act.
- (c) Designate further categories of information which may be subject to proactive disclosure, in accordance with sub-section (l) of section 5 of this Act;
- (d) Adopt a schedule of the fees that public bodies may charge for providing information to requesters, in accordance with sub-section (2) of section 13 of this Act;
- (e) Approve or reject extensions to the maximum period that information may be kept confidential, in accordance with clause (f) of section 14 of this Act;
- (f) Compilation of a user-friendly handbook in Urdu and English, describing the procedure of making a request for information under this Act;







- (g) Refer to the appropriate authorities cases which reasonably disclose evidence of criminal offences under this Act;
- (h) Compilation of a comprehensive annual report both describing its own activities, including an overview of its audited accounts and providing an overview of the activities undertaken by all public bodies to implement this Act, taking into account



the information provided by individual public bodies pursuant to sub-section (2) of section 5 of this Act; and have an accredited accountant conduct an audit of its accounts on annual basis and provide a copy of its audited accounts to the Provincial Assembly and the Department of Finance.



III. The Information Commission shall have the power to:

- (a) Monitor and report on the compliance by public bodies with their obligations under this Act;
- (b) make recommendations to Government for reform both of a general nature and in relation to specific public bodies;



- (c) make formal comments on any legislative or other legal proposals which affect the right to information;
- (d) Co-operate with or undertake training activities for public officials on the right to information and the effective implementation of this Act;
- (e) Publicize the requirements of this Act and the rights of individuals under it.
- (f) While deciding a complaint, the Information Commission shall consist of at least two members or one member and the Chief Information Commissioner and decision of the Commission shall not be invalid on the grounds of existence of any vacancy.



4. ENHANCED AWARENESS & IMPLEMENTATION OF RIGHT TO INFORMATION LAW IN KP.

Capacity Building of Citizens, Civil Society, Students & Journalists

To enhance awareness and implementation of Right to Information law in KP, the KPIC in collaboration with partner organizations i.e. TI Pakistan, Blue Veins, Da Hawwa Lur and CGPA arranged orientation and interaction programs, capacity building workshops. The scope of those programs were extended to the Members of Provincial Assembly, judiciary, attorneys, head of the offices, information officers, bar associations, elected members of local governments and various associations of the professionals.

These workshops aimed to raise awareness about Access to Information law in the province. Detailed trainings were given to the participants on the Right to Information law and procedures to obtain information from the public bodies. Number of participants





including females took part in the capacity building trainings. Participants were explained RTI application procedure, the function and mandate of Information Commission and how it deals with the complaints.



Print and Electronic Media Appearances













Website and Social Media Pages







Partner Organizations and Stakeholders







Public Meetings and Trainings













5. APPOINTMENT OF INFORMATION COMMISSIONERS

In terms of section 24 (5) of KP Right to Information Act, The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Government with the approval of the provincial cabinet, appointed senior journalist Muhammad Irshad and Arshad Ahmed Advocate as Information Commissioners to the KP Information Commission on 6th December 2024.

Chief Information Commissioner Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan welcomed the newly appointed Information Commissioners. In her welcome address, she hoped that the newly appointed Commissioners upon their arrival will surprise the Commission with innovative ideas and influence the whole organization in a positive way. CIC hoped that hard work and dedication are something the KPIC value the most, the new commissioners will be ready to put in all their efforts from the first day. CIC congratulated the new appointees on joining the team and hoped they have a good time working with the Commission!

Commissioner I, Mr. Arshad Ahmed and Commissioner II, Muhammad Irshad vowed to bring new dimensions to the workplace by delivering results, excel, and make the Commission proud.





6. OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES (Implementation of RTI in KP)

The report under review provides a comprehensive understanding of the processes and strategies involved in implementing the RTI Law. It highlights the crucial role of different stakeholders and identified the challenges faced, offering insights into areas that require improvement for better enforcement of the law. The report provides valuable insights and data, enabling the Commission to continuously refine and



improve our approach to ensure universal access to information. This report finds political will, leadership, and civil society activism as key factors in introducing the Right to Information (RTI) law in KP with civil society organizations, particularly the RTI Coalition, playing a crucial role. It has been observed that three operational arms for RTI implementation needs to be strengthen i.e. demand side, supply side, and regulatory side of information-emphasizing their interdependence in ensuring individuals can fully exercise their right to information. It has also been observed that bureaucratic inertia and low demand as challenges of the implementation of the law, all due to limited understanding and awareness. To address this, the Commission collaborated with the other Commissions being functional in other provinces of Pakistan including Pakistan Information Commission, CSOs, and enhanced public education about the law. It is anticipated that the above mentioned steps will contribute significantly to the body of knowledge on transparency and the right to information in KP, providing a foundation for ongoing and future efforts to uphold these principles.

The KPIC issued summons to individuals and public bodies as part of its investigation into complaints. These summons are similar to those issued by a civil court, requiring the PIOS/ Public Bodies and individuals to appear before the Commission and provide requested documents. This power is used to ensure the implementation of the RTI Law. The Commission can properly examine information and enforce attendance to gather evidence. During the report under review, the Commission summoned various public in more than 150 cases. This year 735 cases have been resolved while 394 are under the process of adjudication.



To address complaints regarding promotion cases, merit lists, purchase details etc, the Commission summoned officials from various departments including Assistant Inspector General of Police KP, Deputy Commissioners Tank, North Waziristan, Abbottabad, DPO Karak, University of Peshawar, University of Engineering and Technology Peshawar.

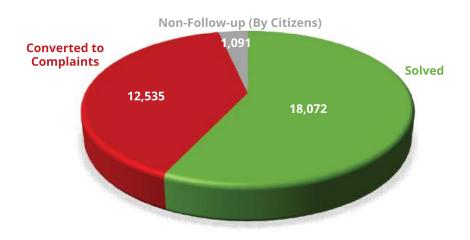
Those public bodies who failed to appear before the Commission or not provided the requested information, the Commission potentially took disciplinary actions against them.

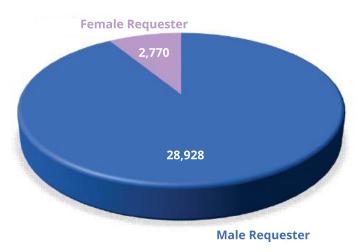




StatisticsOverall Statistical Data Analysis

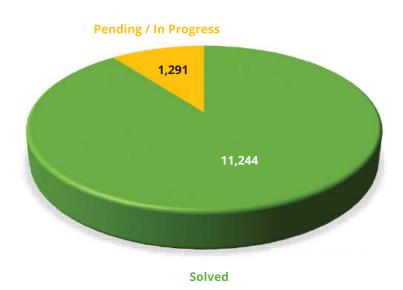
Overall RTI Requests Filed to Public Bodies (2013-2025)				
Total Information Requests	Solved	Converted to Complaints	Non-Follow-up (By Citizens)	
31,698	18,072	12,535	1,091	
Gender Segregation				
Male Reques	ter	Female Requester		
28,928		2,770		







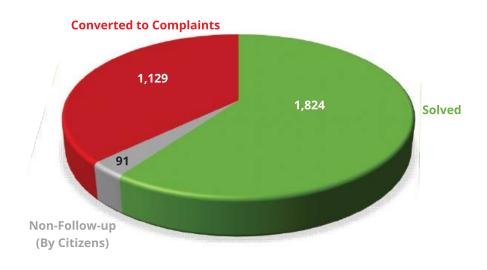
Overall RTI Complaints Filed to Commission (2013-2025)					
Total Complaints	Solved		Pending / In Progress		
12,535	11,244		1,291		
Gender Segregation					
Male Complainants		Female Complainants			
11,637			898		

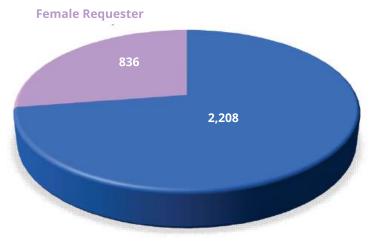






RTI Requests Filed to Public Bodies (2024-25)				
Total Requests	Solved	Non-Follow-up (By Citizens)	Converted to Complaints	
3,044	1,824	91	1,129	
Gender Segregation				
Male Requesters		Female Requesters		
2,208		836		

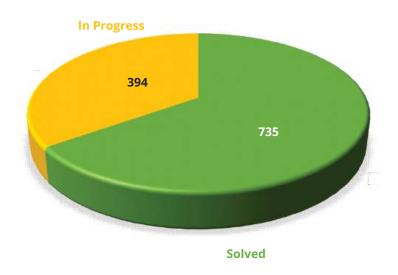




Male Requester



RTI Complaints Filed to Commission (2024-25)				
Total Complaints	Solved		In Progress	
1,129	735		394	
Gender Segregation				
Male Complainants		Female Complainants		
1,042			87	





Male Complainants



Case Studies

1. Complaint # 10795: Mrs. Aqsa vs Women University Mardan Recruitments in Women University Mardan get cancelled.

Mrs. Aqsa, a resident of Peshawar, filed an RTI request with the Women University Mardan to evaluate the fairness and openness in hiring process for a number of jobs at the University. In her RTI application, Mrs. Aqsa requested to furnish information regarding Women University Mardan's recruitment and service policies, the selection criteria for various positions, the list of candidates who applied and were accepted for the lecturer position, the provisional merit list, syndicate minutes signed by all pertinent members, and the documents and notifications of the selected candidates.

However, Mrs. Aqsa's plea was not considered by the public body in the appropriate way.

She consequently filed a complaint against the aforementioned public entity with Commission. The Commission called the PIO and intervened in the case as directed. The officer appeared before the Commission and promised to provide the required information within stipulated time. As a result, KPIC provided the complainant with the information that the public entity had provided.

The positions have been re-advertised after the recruiting was found to be unlawful based on the records that were submitted.

2. Complaint # 11453: Mr. Maroof Shah

Mr. Maroof Shah, a resident of Peshawar, submitted an RTI request to the Peshawar Directorate of Civil Defence. He requested information about the hiring of instructors (Abid Khan 2016), junior clerk (Muhammad Tahir 2017), and Naib Qasids (Muhammad Junaid hired in 2015 and Shahid Ullah hired in 2017) respectively. However, the information requested by the citizens was not provided by the aforementioned public body.



The citizen then submitted complaint to the Commission. The PIO was called by KPIC, and it was revealed that the appointments had been made unlawfully following the KPIC's involvement in the matter.

3. Complaint # 11650 (Mr. Muhammad Naeem Jan vs CTD)

A citizen get acquittal, from a baseless FIR, as the case was proven fake by an inquiry report, obtained through RTI.

Muhammad Naeem Jan resident of Landi Arbab, Peshawar, sought information from Central Police Office (CPO), Peshawar. In his request he sought copies of complete record, including charge sheet, inquiry report, show cause and final order against Mr. Shaukat Khan, SP, Counter Terrorism Department. But his request was not entertained as per the KP RTI Act.

Consequently the citizen lodged a complaint to KPIC against the public body for non-compliance of his RTI request. After the KPIC intervention, copies of the records were sent to KPIC for examination and decision. KPIC examined the record, and shared the same with the complainant.

The inquiry report proved the case and FIR baseless. Resultantly the citizen got acquittal in the case.

4. Complaint # 12128 Mr. Syed Muhsin Ali Shah

A citizen hailing from Mansehra namely Mr. Syed Mohsin Ali Shah asked Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Oil and Gas Development Company Limited (KPOGDCL) Peshawar for information about an attested copy of a letter from Secretary Energy & Power and a copy of a legal advice declaring the complainants to be redundant officials. The citizen also requested copies of the minutes from the 67th meeting, the public body's HR Manual's clause 4(3), the minutes from the 39th meeting, and a list of the employees who would be eligible for the benefits outlined in that clause. However, the public entity did not supply the information that the citizens had requested. The complainant filed a complaint in the KPIC against KPOGDCL. The Commission

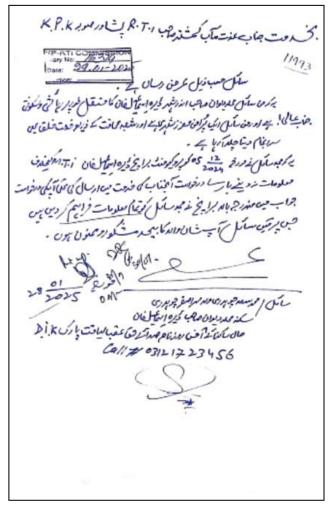


stepped in to address the issue. The complainant and the Senior Executive Engineer, who serves as the KPOGDCL's PIO/Law Officer, were summoned. The public body submitted the desired information to the KPIC and was onward shared with the complainant.

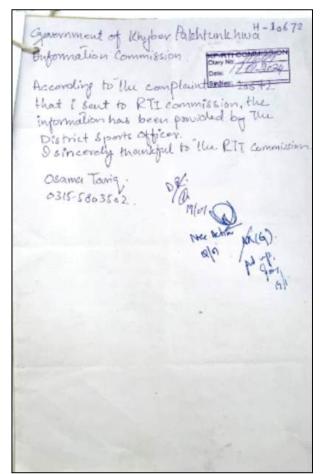
5. Complaint # 12395 (Mr. Abdul Haseeb vs UoM)

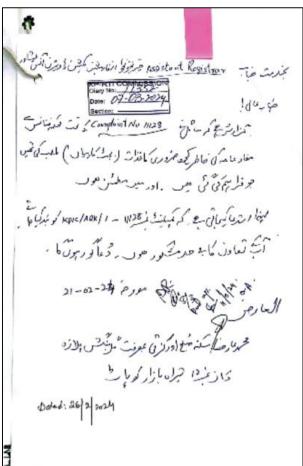
A harassment case at the University of Malakand that went viral on social media in early months of 2025 involved a lecturer named Dr. Abdul Haseeb who was accused of harassing a female student. The lecturer in the case was fired from the service following the syndicate decision. An advocate for Abdul Haseeb used the KP











RTI Act to request information from the University of Malakand on his behalf because the citizen/lecturer was arguing that the accusations were unfound and that he intended to defend his position. He requested for provision of copies of the inquiry report of anti-harassment committee and the syndicate's decisions and actions taken against the Lecturer Abdul Haseeb which led to his termination. However the requested information was not provided by the public body (UoM). The citizen approached the KPIC over denial of information by UoM. The Commission called the University PIO and directed him for provision of the information that the citizen had requested. The data was received by the Commission and was onward provided to the accused.



7. KHYBER PKHTUNKHWA INFORMATION COMMISSION ACKNOWLEDGES RTI ADVOCATES WITH AWARDS:

Aiming to promote citizen's participation in to governance and to make the public institutions more transparent through citizens participation, the KPIC in collaboration with non-governmental organizations namely Centre for Peace & Development Initiatives and Centre for Governance & Public Accountability arranged a consultative session titled 'Reflecting on the Achievements and Shaping the Future', at a local hotel on 21st October 2024 in Peshawar.

Chief Information Commissioner Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan along with Ex-Commissioners of KPIC, Commissioner RTS, Public Information Officers (PIOs) of various government departments, and members of civil society organizations, journalists, and students in a large number participated in the said consultative session. Taking recommendations and suggestions from the participants was the main objective of the session.

The highlight of the ceremony was the presentation of RTI Awards in various categories to acknowledge outstanding efforts to individuals who have championed the cause of transparency and public interest through the practice of Right to Information (RTI) laws.

















8. STUDENTS OF ART AND DESIGN, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR SUCCESSFULLY ACCOMPLISHES THEIR INTERNSHIP PROGRAM AT THE KPIC

The second batch of Students of Art and Design Department, University of Peshawar successfully accomplished their internship program at the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission in August 2024.

In this regard, an award distribution ceremony was held at the Commission for the four interns/ students of the Art and Design Department, University of Peshawar, on completion of 4 weeks internship. CIC, KPIC, Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan conferred certificates and awarded cheques of Rupees Ten thousands each to the internees. Professor Dr. Imrana Seemi, Head of the Department of Art and Design, University of Peshawar, Provincial Coordinator, CPDI, Sarwat Jahan, Advisor Good Governance, GIZ, Sadaf Shaheen, and officers of the KPIC were among the attendees.

During the internship, the internees worked in the Communication Wing as their academic part. Students explored their knowledge and skills by designing a new logo for the Commission besides, drafting table/ wall calendars, brochures and the designing templates for social media pages and the Annual Report for the year 2023-24 of the Commission.









9. AMENDMENTS IN THE KP RTI ACT 2013



On the directives of the CIC, KPIC a summary titled (KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA RIGHT TO INFORMATION (AMENDMENT ACT 2021) was moved for the Provincial Cabinet through Secretary Information and Public Relations Department and the Minister In charge/ Special Assistant to Chief Minister for Information and Public Relations Department KP, requesting to amend its much-appreciated Right to Information (RTI) Act 2013 hampering its ineffectiveness. The bill seeking amendments to Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act 2013 was approved by Minister in-charge. The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Cabinet on January 24th 2025 approved the amendments in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information Act, 2013, (Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Act No. XXVII of 2013). The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Right to Information (Amendment) Bill 2025 was passed by the Provincial Assembly KP on 23rd April 2025 and duly assented by the Governor of the KP. After publishing as extra ordinary gazette notification on 4th May, 2025, this bill became an Act of the Provincial Legislature of the KP.





The main objective behind amendments in the sections 2, 6, 25, 26, and 32 of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) Right to Information Act 2013 is to enhance its effectiveness and ensure citizens have improved access to information held by public bodies. Specifically, the amendments aim to make government entities more accountable to the public, improve the functioning of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Information Commission, and provide citizens with an opportunity to appeal against the commission's orders.

The KP RTI Act is highly respected throughout the country, as it was ranked 3rd in all global RTI Acts by CLD (Centre for Law and Democracy Canada) as it met basic international requirements like clearly defining and enumerating information and exemption from disclosure. The amendments in the KP RTI Act will hopefully lead to enhanced transparency, efficient service delivery and robust democratic accountability.



10. CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER OF IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE YEAR 2024-25

Youth leadership program on Governance Civic Engagement (July 2-4-2024)

The training titled Youth leadership program on Governance & Civic Engagement was organized by the KPIC in collaboration with Centre for Governance and Public Accountability



(CGPA), for the students and representatives of the NMDs here at Peshawar.

Delegation of Civil Society Representatives Visits KPIC (July 9th 2024)

A delegation of civil society organizations led by Mrs. Sarwat Jahan, Provincial Coordinator, CPDI, paid a visit to the KPIC office. Secretary KPIC,



Mr. Anees Ur Rehman and Deputy Director Communication, KPIC Sayed Saadat Jahan briefed the delegation on RTI Law, procedure and the performance of KP Information Commission. The delegation also visited various sections of the Commission and hailed the efficient disposal of official work.

3. Community Dialogue on RTI and Climate Governance Accountability (July 24 2024)

A community dialogue on RTI and climate governance accountability, was arranged by



Transparency International-Pakistan at Mardan. Representatives of Local Government Mardan, civil society organizations, activists, and journalists were among the participants of the said dialogue. The role of Right to Information (RTI) law in climate governance accountability and eradication of corruption was discussed in detail.



4. Training on RTI Law for Assistant Directors and Tehsil Municipal Officers of Local Government Department (23rd August 2024)

To improve transparency in local governance through RTI, the KPIC in collaboration with GIZ and CGPA organized a training session on RTI, for the PIOs (Assistant Directors Local Government and Tehsil Municipal Officers. It is pertinent to mention that all the ADs and TMOs of the Local Government Department are notified



as PIOs under the KP Local Government's notification no Dir (Ops/Policy) 1-1/ LG/RTI & RTS/2022 on November 8th, 2022. All the TMOs and Assistant Directors of the Local Government Department of the selected districts of KP i.e. Peshawar, Swat and Abbottabad attended the training at Local Governance School, Hayatabad, Peshawar.

Launching Ceremony of Women Facilitation Desks(28th August 2024)

To empower women and to increase their inclusion in local governance, "Women Facilitation Desks" are established in four districts of KP. These Desks have started functioning in the offices of the Deputy Commissioners of the four districts of KP i.e. Kohat, Mohmand,



Khyber, and Swat. The project titled Participatory Local Governance is being executed by GIZ and Local Government Department KP in collaboration with non-governmental organization SRSP.

Secretary to Govt of KP,Local Government, Elections and Rural Development Department KP, Mr.Daud khan,



CIC Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, Ombudsperson, Miss Rakhshanda Naz and representatives of KP Communication on the Status of Women, GIZ among other stakeholders and citizens from specific districts attended the launching ceremony.

6. KPIC warns the defaulting PIOs (2nd October 2024)

CIC, KPIC warned the PIOs of the Benevolent Fund, Public Health Peshawar II (sub division Hassan Khel), DEO Female Tank, Directorate General of Industries Commerce and Gulbahar Police Station Peshawar over non provision of information/record to the complainants and recommended inspection of the record of Higher Education Regula-



tory Authority over the systematic failure of non-compliance of the Commission orders in the instant case.

7. Intersection of Climate Policy & Journalism: Empowering Journalists for Informed Reporting (21st Nov 2024)

KPIC and TI-Pakistan arranged a workshop titled 'Intersection of Climate Policy & Journalism: Empowering Journalists for Informed Reporting' at a local hotel at Peshawar. Talking on the role of journalists in climate finance transparency, Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan said that RTI is a tool that equips journalists to detect anomalies in government institutions in utilization of public funds, through their investigative journalism. She emphasized how RTI



empowers journalists to access vital data and information, enabling them to investigate and report on climaterelated issues more effectively. Executive Director, TI-Pakistan, Kashif Ali Shaikh, Dr. Shakeel Khan, Lecturer, University of Peshawar, and more than 30 journalists and experts from 17 vulnerable districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa were among the participants.



The workshop provided an opportunity to enhance the capacity of journalists to understand investigative journalism through exercising RTI.

8. RTI Training held for Women Facilitation Desks' Staff (26th November 2024)

KPIC and SRSP arranged one-day training on RTI for the newly appointed female staff of the facilitation desks. The training was arranged



at the Human Resource Development Centre of SRSP Office for the women facilitators of the districts of Kohat, Swat, Mohmand and Khyber.

Stakeholders Consultative Session (27th Nov 2024)

Stakeholders Consultative Session was arranged by the KPIC in collaboration with National Commission for Human Rights (NCHR) at Peshawar.





Aim of the session was to build state-citizens trust, and chalking out a collective plan and mechanism to address the issues faced by residents of vulnerable districts.

10. Exploring Nexus between Corruption and Gender-based Violence (4th Dec 2024)

A seminar titled 'Exploring Nexus between Corruption and Genderbased Violence' was organized by the



KPIC in collaboration with Provincial Commission on the Status of Women at PDMA Auditorium, Phase V at Hayatabad (Peshawar). The seminar aimed at economic and educational empowerment of women to assure integrity of institutions, erode nepotism and avoid misuse of funds through RTI.

11. Session on RTI for the 93rd Pre Services Course for Probationary Officers of the Provincial Management

Services (28th January 2025)

Free flow of information has largely been an elusive dream in countries that has oscillated between dictatorial and short lived democratic regimes. Enactment of Right to Information Laws and its proper implementation gives citizens ease access to informa-



tion to public record. This was stated by Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, CIC, KPIC while addressing to the participants of the 93rd Pre Services Course for Probationary Officers of the Provincial Management Services, Govt of KP here at Pakistan Provincial Services Academy at Peshawar.



The session aimed at sensitizing the participants to their responsibilities under the law. It also touched various other relevant aspects, such as, the human right dimension of the right to information, the Islamic perspective of access to information. CIC also focused on the practical aspects of access to information.

12. Training on RTI for the PIOs of District Peshawar. (30th January 2025)

A training session was arranged by the Commission in collaboration with Centre for Governance and Public Accountability (CGPA), on Right to Information for the newly designated Public Information Officers of the selected departments of district Peshawar. Deputy Registrar KPIC and Deputy Director Communication



KPIC, Syed Saadat Jahan delivered detail lecture on the RTI Law and procedure of handling RTI requests. In concluding remarks, Mr. Muhammad Irshad Commissioner KPIC highlighted the role of KPIC in good governance and corruption free society.

13. Youth LeadershipProgram(12th February 2025)

The KPIC arranged a two days training program titled Youth Leadership Program in collaboration with CGPA for the selected youth of KP. The participants were trained on the KP RTI Act.





14. Awareness Session on RTI at the Govt Degree College Ekkaghund, District Mohmand (29th April 2025)

KPIC in collaboration with a non-governmental organization i.e. Youth Alliance for Peace and Development (YAPD) arranged a session on RTI at Government Degree College, Ekkaghund, at District Mohamand. District Youth Officer along with other representatives of district administration, faculty members, and students in a large number participated in the session.



15. Seminar titled 'RTI Role in Media Reporting' at the Department of Media Studies & Mass Communication, Iqra National University Peshawar (30th April 2025)

The Commission arranged a session on RTI at the Iqra National University Peshawar. Commissioner II, KPIC Muhammad Irshad imparted a detailed lecture on RTI and its role in media reporting specially in investigative journalism.

On this occasion, students were provided with RTI brochures, RTI request forms and enlightened them



on filing RTI requests and complaints procedure.

16. KP and Punjab - Chief Information Commissioners Meeting (30th May, 2025)

Chief Information Commissioner, KPIC Farah Hamid Khan called on her Punjab counter-



part Malik Muhammad Phulla on May 30, 2025 in Lahore. Central theme of the meeting was working to raise awareness amongst people from different fields regarding Right to Information Law and launching of flagship program, to provide training on RTI especially in less privileged areas where there is a huge communication gap between local people and government officials.



17. Punjab Information Commission delegation visit KPIC (13th June, 2025)

A four member delegation of the Punjab Information Commission visited KP Information Commission to share exchange of knowledge, and experience through exclusive briefings on the working of both the Commissions followed by visit of different sections of the KPIC.



The Deputy Director Communication

of the KPIC, Sayed Saadat Jahan, gave a detailed presentation on the working and achievements of the KPIC.

Information Commissioners, Mr. Arshad Ahmed and Muhammad Irshad, gave an overview of the KPIC, PIOs training mechanism on RTI Law and status of appointments of both the PIOs and KPIC staff. Both the Commissioners briefed the delegation on the statistical data of RTI Request/complaints besides status of RTI Act implementation in KP and challenges being faced by the Commission.



11. CIC RETIRES AFTER COMPLETING TENURE

Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, Chief Information Commissioner, KPIC retired on Monday (30th June 2025) after the completion of three years tenure.

She was the 4th Chief Information Commissioner appointed by the KP Government to ensure availability of the government information to citizens through the RTI law. She retired after completing her tenure as laid down in the RTI Act 2013.

A farewell ceremony was arranged for her at the RTI Commission Secretariat. Information Commissioners, Arshad Ahmed and Muhammad Irshad were present on the occasion.

Both the Information Commissioners hailed the services of the outgoing CIC.





They said that outgoing CIC did her best in the implementation of the RTI law in public offices and made tremendous efforts in creating awareness among masses regarding this sunshine law.

Deputy Director Communication KPIC, Sayed Saadat Jahan and Admin Officer KPIC, Mr. Noor Said on behalf of the Commission extended their gratitude for Mrs. Farah's commitment to the service of people of KP and the KPIC. Her tenure has been distinguished by a relentless pursuit for transparency, which has been crucial in upholding good governance. She ensured



that citizens are empowered through the flow of necessary information, strengthening our democratic institutions, and enhancing public trust.

Mrs. Farah Hamid Khan, the outgoing CIC also spoke on the occasion and said that RTI law had empowered common people to know about the government affairs relating to them. Chief Information Commissioner was awarded shield on behalf of the Commission/employees.





12. CHALLENGES

It has been more than a decade that the RTI Law was introduced in the province, but still it has not dug its feet owing to a variety of reasons/ challenges. Some of the perpetual challenges are as follows:-

a. Changing the mindset of our government functionaries is still a far cry. An overwhelming majority of civil servant still consider this law as an



unnecessary interference in their official work. Some of them show reluctance to provide information to citizens for fear of retribution from their higher ups. It will therefore take a long time before this sunshine law is accepted by them whole heartedly.

- b. Frequent changes of PIOs in the public bodies is also a big hurdle in disposals of RTI requests. The only solution in this regard is creation of new posts of PIOs in the Public bodies. This obviously is not possible due to financial constraints.
- c. Insufficient awareness about the law, especially in the rural areas and the newly merged tribal district of KP is hurdle in execution of the law. The volatile law and order situation in KP, especially the tribal districts precludes the Commission to extend awareness activities more freely in these areas.
- d. Foreign donors like GIZ (Germany), PCNA / World Bank provided substantial funds to the Commission till 2019, under the LOGO programs. The financial and technical assistance of donor agencies ceases to exist. We are therefore, solely relying on the funds being made available by the Provincial Government alone. The RTI Commission is thinking to approach the Federal Government through the Provincial Govt, for fresh grants, and technical assistance from donor agencies. Notwithstanding the above challenges, the Commission is fully committed to the objective of making the RTI law a success story.



13. CONCLUSION

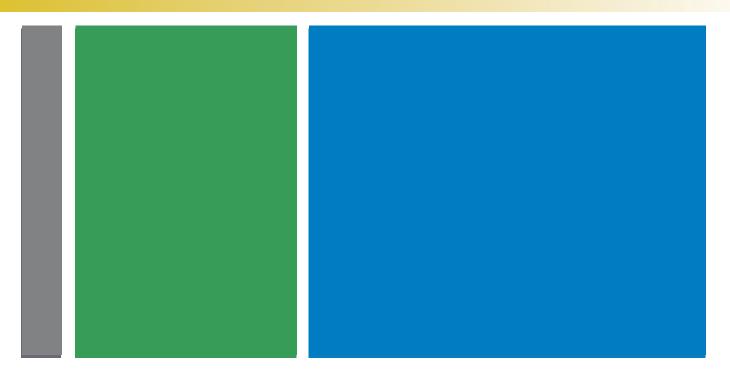
In the proceedings of this report, we have tried to present a clear picture of all that happened in the last one year. We hope that our dear readers will be in a better position to appreciate that despite the difficulties / challenges, the Commission has moved forward towards its goal and since the major difficulty i.e. the filling up the vacant posts of commissioners has been done. It is hoped that the Commission will be in a position to dispose of all pending and new complaints in a timely manner, up to the satisfaction of the citizens.

Lastly it may be added that the KP RTI law was adjudged as one of the top RTI laws of the world by the Centre for Law and Democracy Canada soon after its enactment in 2013. The KPIC also has the unique distinction of preparing a methodology with the help of GIZ for evaluating RTI laws. As a testimony of its credibility, this methodology was selected for presentation at the World Peace Forum in Paris, France in September 2019. It is indeed heartening to state that the project of KP RTI Commission presented in the moot at Paris has been adopted by a number of countries for assessing their respective RTI laws, especially their implementation and usefulness.





14. AUDIT REPORT



RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025





RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Right to Information Commission Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (the Commission) which comprise balance sheet as at June 30, 2025, statement of receipts and expenditure and cash flow statement (here-in- after referred to as the financial statements) for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Commission, in accordance with the statement of receipts and expenditure basis of accounting described in note 2 to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The financial statements have been prepared on the receipt and expenditure basis, as described in note 2 to the financial statements, which is comprehensive basis of accounting.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with receipts and expenditure basis of accounting described in note 2 to the financial statements, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT TAX CONSULTING

Page I1

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Rawalpindi : 92 (51) 5193135 Quetta : 92 (81) 282 9809 Kabul : 93 (799) 058155



In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

RSM



• Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Commission to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

RSM

Place: Peshawar

Date: August 20, 2025

UDIN: AR202510513Inj5Yf7yN

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Muhammad Arif Saeed

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2025

T go			
	NOTE	2025 RUPEES	2024 RUPEES
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances to employees		494,203	68,560
Cash at bank	3	779,805	738,585
CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,274,008	807,145
Accrued and other payables	4	(756,894)	(1,118,075)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		517,114	(310,930)
FUNDS AND SURPLUS			
Opening balance		(310,930)	797,374
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		828,044	(1,108,304)
		517,114	(310,930)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RSM

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SECRETARY

CHIEF INFORMATION COMMISSIONER

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	100020000	2025	2024
	NOTE	RUPEES	RUPEES
RECEIPTS			
Grant in aid		77,260,000	54,168,000
Other receipts	5	1,256,923	1,110,937
		78,516,923	55,278,937
EXPENDITURE			
Salaries and allowances	6	64,618,771	48,584,360
Purchase of assets	7	347,352	68,440
Repair and maintenance	8	1,112,286	378,822
Rent -Office building		4,719,000	2,334,300
T.D/D.A charges		402,288	318,506
Medical expenses Reimbursement		558,250	802,776
News paper, books and periodicals		138,525	133,236
Payment to Others for Services Rendered		100,000	143
Internet Service charges		301,117	257,142
Local Conveyance charges		77,690	21,130
Remuneration/Honoraria		46,215	20,000
Printing and Stationery		497,214	209,010
Telephone charges		247,379	356,970
Electricity charges		1,260,220	1,094,843
Gas Charges		36,590	193,400
Postage and Courier expenses		495,526	318,275
POL & CNG expenses		1,792,162	1,014,027
Entertainment expense		70,223	41,817
Audit Fee		70,000	70,000
Bank charges		6,000	9
Pension contribution		400,284	_
Miscellanious expenses		391,787	170,187
		77,688,879	56,387,241
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		828,044	(1,108,304)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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SECRETARY CHIEF INFORMATION COMMISSIONER

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024
	RUPEES	RUPEES
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	828,044	(1,108,304)
Operating surplus before working capital changes	828,044	(1,108,304)
Increase / decrease Working Capital Changes		
Accrued and Other Payables	(361,181)	871,453
Advance to employees	(425,643)	633,470
	(786,824)	1,504,923
Cash Generated from operations	41,220	396,619
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	41,220	396,619
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	738,585	341,966
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	779,805	738,585

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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SECRETARY

CHIEF INFORMATION COMMISSIONER

1 THE COMMISSION AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Right to Information Commission of Govt of KP (the Commission) was established through an Act of the Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in November 2013. Under section 24 (2) of the Act, the Commission is an Independent Statutory body enjoying operational and administrative autonomy from any other person or entity, including Government and any of its agencies, except as specifically provided for by law. This Commission is headed by the Chief Information Commissioner. The primary responsibility of the Commission is to receive and decide the complaints of the citizen, if not providing information by a particular department.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The receipt and expenditure has been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprised on the Modified Cash Accounting Model and Accounting Policies and Procedure Model. Under the Modified Cash and Accounting Model all payment relating to acquisition, construction and improvement of fixed assets are recognized on cash basis.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

The receipt and expenditure account is presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is also the Commission's functional currency.

3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Following accounting policies are applied in the preparation of this account:

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant & equipment purchased during the year are charged to expenditure account at cost of purchase. Repair and maintenance to property, plant and equipment are charged to statement of receipts and expenditure.

3.2 Revenue recognition

Grant and other receipts are accounted for on receipts basis.

3.3 Expenses recognition

All expenses are recognized when outflow of resource takes place.

3.4 Accrued and other Liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities are stated at cost which is fair value of the consideration to be paid in future.

3.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent comprises of cash in hand, balance with banks and short term investments realizable within three months.

RSM

3	BANK BALANCES	NOTE	2025 RUPEES	2024 RUPEES
	Current Account - The Bank of Khyber		4,500	4,500
	Deposit Account - The Bank of Khyber	3.1	775,305	734,085
			779,805	738,585

3.1 These are subject to profit at the rate ranging from 6.0% to 15.5% per annum (2024:11.50% to 21.25% per annum).

			2025	2024
		NOTE	RUPEES	RUPEES
4	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Income tax payables (Salaries and Supplies)		722.405	1,007,473
	Sale Tax Payables		7,241	30,571
	Other Payables		- ,2-11	80,031
	CP Fund		27,248	50,031
			756,894	1,118,075
5	OTHER RECEIPTS	à		1,110,010
	Profit from PLS account		1,131,923	1,053,377
	Miscellaneous receipts		124,000	1,055,577
	Other receipts		1,000	57,560
	e transporter Ares		1,256,923	1,110,937
6	SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES		1,200,020	1,110,007
	Pay of Officers		18,758,267	11,892,090
	Pay of staff (Basic)		11,624,881	11,810,147
	House rent		6,120,095	4,283,525
	Housing subsidy		610,656	610,656
	Conveyance allowance		1,493,179	1,561,493
	Washing allowance		252,000	257,967
	Ad hoc Relief 2013		208,067	212,554
	Ad hoc Relief 2015		140,999	143,988
	Ad hoc Relief 2022		1,614,764	1,643,653
	Ad hoc Relief 2023		5,599,563	5,701,430
	Ad hoc Relief 2024		4,234,328	
	Medical allowance		828,941	849,145
	Dress allowance		252,000	257,967
	Integrated allowance		151,200	154,780
	Computer allowance		36,000	36,000
	Utility allowance		502,244	235,800
	I.T professional allowance		824,640	824,640
	Information commission allowance @20%		7,316,809	5,045,525
	Special allowance (Fixed Rs. 3500/-)		610,775	639,710
	Special allowance (BPS-17 and above)		291,552	291,552
	Disparity reduction allowance		1,717,640	1,746,529
	Deputation allowance		240,000	240,000
	Audit and account allowance		72,960	72,960
	Qualification allowance		14,400	14,400
	Additional charge allowance M. Phil allowance		92,000	57,849
	CP Fund		17,250	100
	OF Fullu	-	993,561	-
		-	64,618,771	48,584,360

		NOTE	2025 RUPEES	2024 RUPEES
7	PURCHASE OF ASSETS	11707	135000000	1270,400,000
	Computer equipment		20,650	29,440
	Machinery and equipment		264,702	39,000
	Consumable items- stock		62,000	•
		8.5	347,352	68,440
8	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE			
	Motor vehicles		1,039,586	335,272
	Machinery and equipment		32,700	43,550
	Furniture and fixtures		40,000	
		10°	1,112,286	378,822

9 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

9.1 This account has been authorized for issuance on $\frac{20/8/2025}{}$ by the management.

RSA

9.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

B & A OFFICER

SECRETARY

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