

RIGHT TO INFORMATION GOVT. OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING







RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Chartered Accountants

Suit # 6, Block- A, 2nd Floor Cantonment Plaza, Fakhr-e-Alam Road Peshawar Cantt. Pakistan

> T: +92 (91)527 7205, 527 8310 F: +92(91) 526 0085

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

peshawar@rsmpakistan.pk ww.rsmpakistan.pk

We have audited the financial statements of Right to Information Commission Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (the Commission) which comprise balance sheet as at June 30, 2023, statement of receipts and expenditure and cash flow statement (here-in- after referred to as the financial statements) for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Commission, in accordance with the statement of receipts and expenditure basis of accounting described in note 2 to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The financial statements have been prepared on the receipt and expenditure basis, as described in note 2 to the financial statements, which is comprehensive basis of accounting.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with receipts and expenditure basis of accounting described in note 2 to the financial statements, and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDITITAXICONSULTING

Other Offices at
Lahore : 92 (42) 35872731-3
Karachi : 92 (21) 3565 5593-6
Faisalabad : 92 (41) 854 1165/854 1965
Islamabad : 92 (51) 2340490
Rawalpindi: 92 (51) 5193135

Rawalpindi: 92 (51) 5193135 Quetta : 92 (81) 282 9809 Kabul : 93 (799) 058155

RSM Avais Liaguat Nauman is member of the KSM network and traders as RSM, RSM is the trading name used trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction.



In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.





• Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Commission to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Place: Peshawar

Date: November 27, 2023

UDIN: AR202310513vbApcX6os

RSM Avais Hyder Liaquat Nauman Vered

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Muhammad Arif Saeed

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION GOVT. OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2023

	NOTE	2023 RUPEES	2022 RUPEES
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances to employees		702,030	25,696
Cash at bank	3	341,966	1,568,395
CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,043,996	1,594,091
Accrued and other payables	4	(246,622)	(144,024)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		797,374	1,450,067
FUNDS AND SURPLUS			
Opening balance		1,450,067	353,110
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(652,693)	1,096,957
		797,374	1,450,067

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

B & A OFFICER

SECRETARY

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION GOVT. OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023		of and the second	
		2023	2022
	NOTE	RUPEES	RUPEES
RECEIPTS			
Grant in aid		51,000,000	47,000,000
Other receipts	5	777,505	163,789
		51,777,505	47,163,789
EXPENDITURE			•
Salaries and allowances	6	40,666,447	36,014,034
Purchase of assets	7	470,150	174,040
Repair and maintenance	8	694,134	432,688
Remuneration/Honoraria		784,560	-
Rent, rates and taxes		3,042,900	2,898,000
Conveyance charges		242,470	36,740
T.D/D.A charges		701,390	1,026,986
Medical expenses reimbursed		170,061	57,018
News paper, books and periodicals		121,285	96,250
Payment for other services		₹ 279,203	1,084,683
Printing and stationery		494,572	487,665
Telephone charges		246,181	212,080
Internet service charges		256,310	149,048
Postage and courier charges		640,012	429,011
Utilities		951,560	732,966
Training, seminars and workshop		30,000	29,200
Fuel charges		1,641,465	930,789
Entertainment		63,842	144,797
Advertisement expenses		- 1	387,804
Shifting charges		18,489	-
Audit fee		70,000	80,000
Bank charges		- 1	2,575
Payment of interest on PLS account to govern	nent	459,283	209,076
Miscellaneous expenses		385,884	451,382
		52,430,198	46,066,832
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(652,693)	1,096,957

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

B & A OFFICER

SECRETARY

RIGHT TO INFORMATION COMMISSION GOVT. OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE	VEAD	ENDED	ILINE 30	2023
FUR THE	YEAR	ENDED	JUNE 30	. 2023

	2023 RUPEES	2022 RUPEES
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1.0. 220	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(652,693)	1,096,957
Operating surplus before working capital changes	(652,693)	1,096,957
Increase / decrease Working Capital Changes		
Accrued and other payables Advance to employees	102,598 (676,334) (573,736)	14,667 (25,696) (11,029)
Cash Generated from operations	(1,226,429)	1,085,928
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,226,429)	1,085,928
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,568,395	482,467
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	341,966	1,568,395

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

1 THE COMMISSION AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Right to Information Commission of Govt of KP (the Commission) was established through an Act of the Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in November 2013. Under section 24 (2) of the Act, the Commission is an Independent Statutory body enjoying operational and administrative autonomy from any other person or entity, including Government and any of its agencies, except as specifically provided for by law. This Commission is headed by the Chief Information Commissioner. The primary responsibility of the Commission is to receive and decide the complaints of the citizen, if not providing information by a particular department.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The receipt and expenditure has been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprised on the Modified Cash Accounting Model and Accounting Policies and Procedure Model. Under the Modified Cash and Accounting Model all payment relating to acquisition, construction and improvement of fixed assets are recognized on cash basis.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

The receipt and expenditure account is presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is also the Commission's functional currency.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Following accounting policies are applied in the preparation of this account:

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant & equipment purchased during the year are charged to expenditure account at cost of purchase. Repair and maintenance to property, plant and equipment are charged to statement of receipts and expenditure.

3.2 Revenue recognition

Grant and other receipts are accounted for on receipts basis.

3.3 Expenses recognition

All expenses are recognized when outflow of resource is confirmed.

3.4 Accrued and other Liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities are stated at cost which is fair value of the consideration to be paid in future.

3.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent comprises of cash in hand, balance with banks and short term investments realizable within three months.

	·	NOTE	2023 RUPEES	2022 RUPEES
3	BANK BALANCES			
	Current Account - The Bank of Khyber Deposit Account - The Bank of Khyber	3.1	4,500 337,466	4,500 1,563,895
	before the bank of this being	5.1	341,966	1,568,395
	3.1 These are subject to profit at the rate ranging from 1 12.25% per annum).	1.50% to 21.2	5% per annum (2022: 6.25% to
	12.20% per aimany.		2023	2022
4	ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES		RUPEES	RUPEES
•				
	Income tax payables		190,139	140,258
	Sale tax payables		3,129 53,354	3,766
	Other payales		246,622	144,024
				,.
5	OTHER RECEIPTS			
	Copying fee		-1	200
	Profit from PLS account		459,284	156,08 <u>9</u>
•	Miscellaneous receipts Other receipts		. 179,000 139,221	7,500
	Other receipts		777,505	163,789
6	SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES		,	
	Pay of officers		9,511,610	10,786,090
	Pay of staff (Basic)		12,550,526	8,513,323
	House rent		4,168,397	4,668,759
	Housing subsidy Conveyance Allowance		561,079	556,572
	Washing Allowance		1,569,132 275,871	1,553,055 297,985
	Adhoc Relief 2013		206,655	201,860
	Adhoc Relief 2015		140,580	137,623
	Adhoc Relief 2016		-	675,040
	Adhoc Relief 2017 Adhoc Relief 2018		-	998,501
	Adhoc Relief 2019		-	998,501 874,416
	Adhoc Relief 2021		-	991,763
	Adhoc Relief 2022		1,595,640	•
	Medical allowance		830,979	806,733
	Dress allowance		275,871	298,735
	Integrated allowance Computer allowance		165,523 52,500	176,087 54,000
	Utility allowance		228,750	286,880
	I.T Professional allowance		402,790	364,440
	Information Commission allowance@20%		3,247,569	2,091,171
	Special allowance (Fixed Rs. 3500/-)		681,425	682,500
	Special allowance (BPS-17 and above) Disperity allowance		607,400 2,104,630	•
	Deputation allowance		48,000	
	Audit and account allowance		24,320	
	Qualification allowance		4,800	•
	Gratuity		1,412,400	20.011.021
			40,666,447	36,014,034

.7	PURCHASE OF ASSETS	NOTE	2023 RUPEES	2022 RUPEES
	Purchase of vehicle Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Machinery and equipment Consumable items- Stock		17,500 68,700 160,900 223,050 470,150	90,900 83,140 - - - - 174,040
8	REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE			
	Motor vehicles Machinery and equipment		575,964 118,170 694,134	336,849 95,839 432,688

9 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

- 9.1 This account has been authorized for issuance on 27/11/2023 by the management.
- 9.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

SECRETARY